

100V Half-Bridge GaN Driver with Interlocking PWM Inputs

1. Features

- · Independent High-Side & Low-Side Logic Inputs
- · High-Side and Low-Side Driver Interlocking
- Split Outputs for Adjustable Turn-on/-off Speeds
- Strong 1-Ω Pull-Up and 0.2-Ω Pull-Down Resistance
- · Internal Strong and Smart Bootstrap Switch
- · Adaptive Shoot-Through Protection
- Fast Propagation Delay (20ns Typical)
- · Excellent Delay Matching (1ns Typical)
- High-Side Floating Supply Operates up to 100V DC
- · Built-In UVLO, OVLO, OTP Protections
- · 35µA Low VCC Quiescent Current
- · WLCSP 1.62mmx1.62mm Package

2. Applications

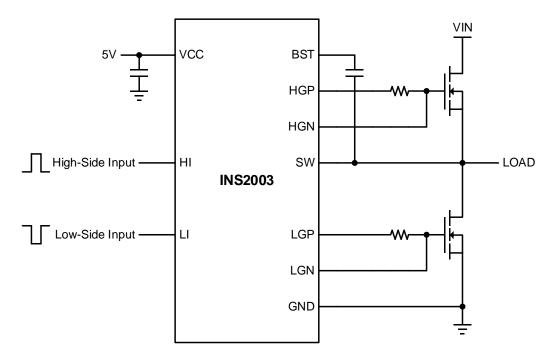
- · Half-Bridge and Full-Bridge Converters
- · High-Voltage Synchronous DC-DC Converters
- · High Frequency, High Power Density Applications
- · 48V DC Motor Drive
- · High Power Class-D Audio Power Amplifier
- · Automotive 48V/12V Bi-directional DC-DC

3. Description

The INS2003 is a 100V half-bridge driver designed to efficiently drive both high-side and low-side gallium nitride (GaN) field effect transistor (FET), customized to address challenges commonly encountered in conventional MOSFET driver solutions. An internal smart bootstrap (BST) switch prevents overcharging of the high-side floating supply BST capacitor during dead times, thus protecting the gate of the GaN FET while maintaining consistent gate voltage for both sides of GaN FETs. The INS2003 features input interlocking with internal adaptive shoot-through protection circuit, ensuring no simultaneous output conduction even at near zero dead times.

The INS2003 has two logic inputs to control high-side and low-side drivers independently for maximum flexibility, and drivers have split outputs to adjust turn-on and turn-off speeds separately. The strong driving capability and excellent delay matching make the INS2003 suitable for high power and high frequency applications.

4. Typical Application



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5. Revision History

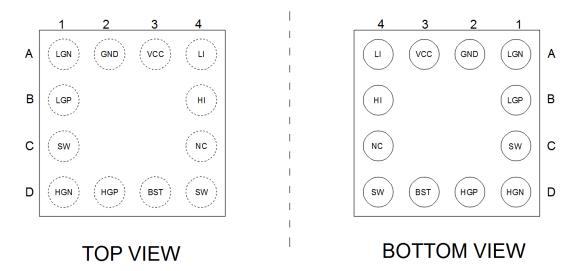
Major changes since the last revision

Revision	Date	Description of changes
1.0	2025-01-15	Final datasheet release



6. Pin Configuration and Functions





12-Lead WLCSP (1.62mm x 1.62mm) Package

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
A1	LON	Low-Side Gate Driver Pull-Down Output. Connect to the gate of the low-side GaN FET.
Ai	LGN	Use a resistor to adjust the turn-off speed.
B1	LGP	Low-Side Gate Driver Pull-Up Output. Connect to the gate of the low-side GaN FET.
ы	LGP	Use a resistor to adjust the turn-on speed.
C1 D4	CIVI	Switch Node. Connect to the negative terminal of the bootstrap capacitor, the source of
C1, D4	SW	the high-side GaN FET, and the drain of the low-side GaN FET.
D1	ЦСМ	High-Side Gate Driver Pull-Down Output. Connect to the gate of the high-side GaN
וט	HGN	FET. Use a resistor to adjust the turn-off speed.
Do)0 LIOD	High-Side Gate Driver Pull-Up Output. Connect to the gate of the high-side GaN FET.
D2	HGP	Use a resistor to adjust the turn-on speed.
D3	BST	High-Side Gate Driver Bootstrap Supply. Locally bypass this pin to SW with a ceramic
D3		bootstrap capacitor.
C4	NC	No Function Connection. This pin can be left open, connected to VCC or GND.
B4	HI	High-Side Gate Driver Control Input. This pin has an internal $200k\Omega$ pull-down resistor.
A4	LI	Low-Side Gate Driver Control Input. This pin has an internal 200kΩ pull-down resistor.
A 2	VCC	IC and Low-Side Gate Driver Supply. Locally bypass this pin to GND with a ceramic
A3	VCC	capacitor.
A2	GND	Ground. All signals are referenced to this ground.



7. Absolute Maximum Ratings

All pins are referred to GND, unless otherwise specified. Stress beyond the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage or deteriorate device reliability and lifetime.

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VCC	-0.3	6	V
BST to SW	-0.3	6	V
HI, LI, NC	-0.3	6	V
HGP, HGN	SW-0.3	BST+0.3	V
LGP, LGN	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V
SW	-5	100	V
BST	-0.3	105	٧
Operating Junction Temperature T _J	-40	150	°C
Storage Temperature	-55	150	°C

8. ESD Ratings

Parameter	Value	Unit
Human Body Model (HBM)	±2000	V
Charged Device Model (CDM)	±1000	V

9. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VCC	4.5	5.5	V
HI, LI	0	5.5	V
SW	-4	80	V
BST	SW+4.5	SW+5.5	V
SW Slew Rate		50	V/ns
Operating Junction Temperature T _J	-40	125	°C

10. Thermal Information

Symbol	Parameter	INS2003W	Unit
RθJA	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	76.34	°C/W
Rejc	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (Top)	4.19	°C/W
R ₀ JB	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Board	21.95	°C/W

According to standards defined in JESD51 and JESD51-1, thermal characteristics of the package are simulated.



11. Electrical Characteristics

 $T_J = 25$ °C, VCC = BST = 5V, SW = GND = 0V, HGP = HGN, LGP = LGN, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition	
Supply Input							
VCC Quiescent Current	Icc-Q		35	60	μA	HI = LI = 0V	
VCC Operating Current	ICC-OP		1	2	mA	f = 500kHz	
BST Quiescent Current	I _{BST-Q}		40	70	μΑ	HI = LI = 0V	
BST Operating Current	I _{BST-OP}		1	2	mA	f = 500kHz	
VCC Overvoltage Rising	Vcc-ovr	5.7	6	6.3	V		
Threshold							
VCC Overvoltage Hysteresis	V _{CC-OVHYS}		0.25		V		
VCC Undervoltage Rising	V _{CC-UVR}	3.9	4.1	4.3	V		
Threshold							
VCC Undervoltage Hysteresis	V _{CC-UVHYS}		0.3		V		
BST Undervoltage Rising	V _{BST-UVR}		3.6		V		
Threshold							
BST Undervoltage Hysteresis	V _{BST-UVHYS}		0.5		V		
PWM Input	•	•					
Input High Threshold	VIH		1.8	2.2	V		
Input Low Threshold	V _{IL}	0.8	1.2		V		
Input Hysteresis	V _{I-HYS}		0.6		V		
Input Pull-Down Resistance	Rı		200		kΩ		
Bootstrap Switch							
Low-Current Forward Voltage			0.02	0.2	V	$I_{VCC\text{-BST}} = 100 \mu A$	
High-Current Forward Voltage			0.4		V	I _{VCC-BST} = 100mA	
Switch On Resistance	R _{BST(ON)}		4		Ω		
High-Side and Low-Side Gate I	Driver	•					
Output Pull-Down Resistance	R _{DN}		0.2	1	Ω	I _{HGN} or I _{LGN} = 100mA	
Output Pull-Up Resistance	Rup		1	2	Ω	I _{HGP} or I _{LGP} = -100mA	
Output Peak Source Current (1)	Іон		1.7		Α	HG = SW or LG = GND	
Output Peak Sink Current (1)	loL		4.3		Α	HG = BST or LG = VCC	
Over Temperature Protection							
OTP Shutdown Rising	Тотр		165		°C		
Threshold ⁽¹⁾							
OTP Shutdown Hysteresis ⁽¹⁾	T _{OTP-HYS}		20		°C		



12. Switching Characteristics

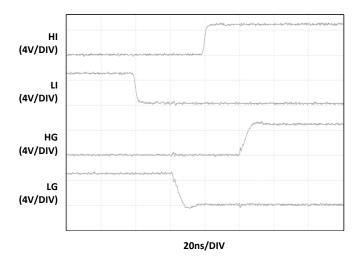
 $T_J = 25$ °C, VCC = BST = 5V, SW = GND = 0V, HGP = HGN, LGP = LGN, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Condition
Minimum Input Pulse Width that	T _{IPW}		10		ns	
Changes the Output (1)						
Minimum Gate Output Pulse	Topw		12		ns	
Width (1)						
Gate Output Rise Time (1)	T _R		7		ns	C _L = 1nF, 10% to 90%
Gate Output Fall Time (1)	T _F		3		ns	C _L = 1nF, 90% to 10%
Dead time – LG off to HG on (1)	Тртн		1		ns	
Dead time – HG off to LG on (1)	T _{DTL}		1		ns	
High-Side Turn-Off Propagation	T _{HPHL}		20		ns	HI falling to HG falling
Delay (1)						
High-Side Turn-On Propagation	T _{HPLH}		20		ns	HI rising to HG rising
Delay (1)						
Low-Side Turn-Off Propagation	T _{LPHL}		20		ns	LI falling to LG falling
Delay ⁽¹⁾						
Low-Side Turn-On Propagation	T _{LPLH}		20		ns	LI rising to LG rising
Delay ⁽¹⁾						
Delay Matching	T _{MON}		1	5	ns	
LG On and HG Off (1)						
Delay Matching	TMOFF		1	5	ns	
LG Off and HG On (1)						

⁽¹⁾ Not 100% tested and guaranteed by design.



13. Typical Characteristics



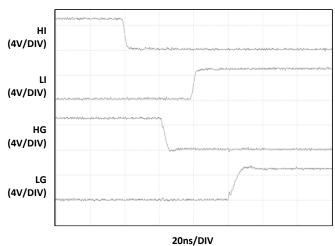
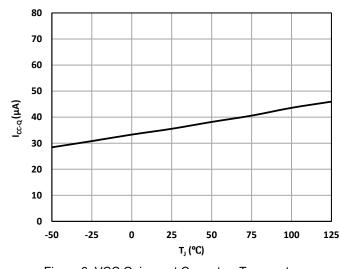
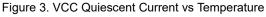


Figure 1. HG Turn-On and LG Turn-Off Waveform, Cout = 1nF







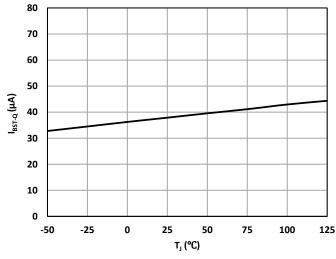


Figure 4. BST Quiescent Current vs Temperature

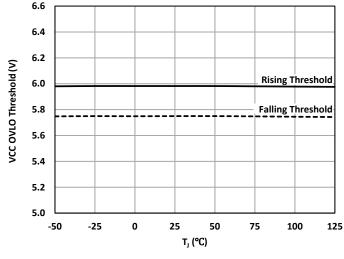


Figure 5. VCC OVLO Threshold vs Temperature

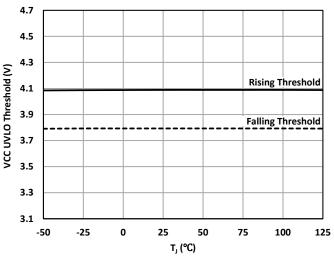


Figure 6. VCC UVLO Threshold vs Temperature

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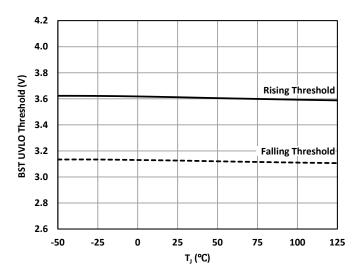


Figure 7. BST UVLO Threshold vs Temperature

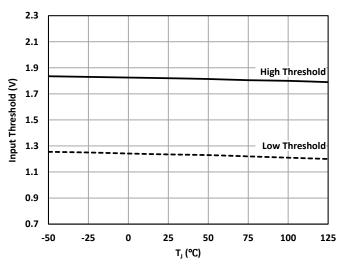


Figure 8. PWM Input Threshold vs Temperature

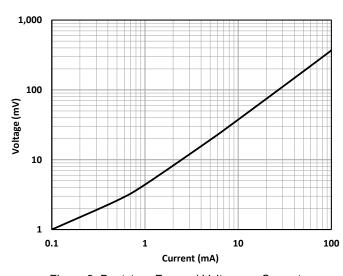


Figure 9. Bootstrap Forward Voltage vs Current

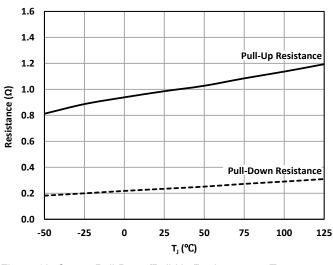


Figure 10. Output Pull-Down/Pull-Up Resistance vs Temperature

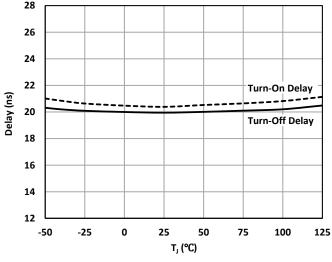


Figure 11. Low-Side Propagation Delay vs Temperature

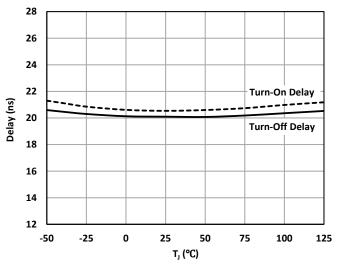


Figure 12. High-Side Propagation Delay vs Temperature

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14. Block Diagram

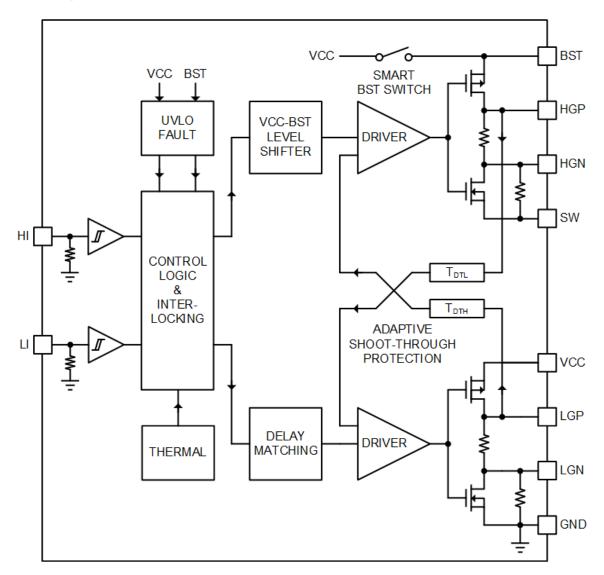


Figure 13. Functional Block Diagram



15. Function Description

The INS2003 is a 100V half-bridge driver optimized for GaN FETs, designed to address the specific challenges encountered when driving GaN FETs with traditional MOSFET drivers. It incorporates an integrated smart BST switch to manage the high-side floating supply so that it charges the BST capacitor to match the VCC supply when the low-side driver turns on. This ensures a consistent gate voltage for both high-side and low-side GaN FETs, preventing overcharging and potential damage to their gates while also ensuring precise delay matching, an important factor for accurately controlling switching dead times.

The INS2003's PWM input interlocking function with integrated adaptive shoot-through protection ensures neither output conducts simultaneously, even under near zero dead time delay conditions. The INS2003 also provides split gate driver outputs, enabling the independent adjustment of turn-on and turn-off slew rates for both high-side and low-side drivers by connecting different gate resistors. With its strong driving capability and excellent delay matching, the INS2003 is highly suitable for supporting multiple topologies, including buck, boost, buck-boost, and a variety of high-power and high-frequency applications.

Input and Output

The INS2003 input pins, HI and LI, are independent and TTL logic compatible with the ability to withstand input voltages up to 5.5V regardless of VCC voltage. Table 1 shows the truth table of input and output. The INS2003 offers fast propagation delay (20ns typical) with excellent delay matching (1ns typical) between the high-side and low-side driver channels, making it ideal for high-frequency applications. Both inputs feature a 10ns (typical) input deglitch filter to remove any unwanted pulses from a PWM input. A narrow input pulse exceeding this deglitch delay time will be extended to a minimum output pulse of 12ns (typical) to ensure proper gate turn-on and turn-off transients. Figure 14 shows the switching characteristics of the input and output. The INS2003 features the interlocking function to prevent the shoot-through condition. When both input pins, HI and LI, are high, the internal logic turns off both output pins, HG and LG, as illustrated in Figure 15. Both input pins, HI and LI, have an internal pull-down resistor of $200k\Omega$.

HI LI **HGP HGN LGP LGN** L L Open L Open L L Η Open L Н Open Н Н L Open Open L Open Open

Table 1. Input and Output Truth Table

Note: When an output is "Open", it is connected to another split output through the internal $10k\Omega$ resistor.



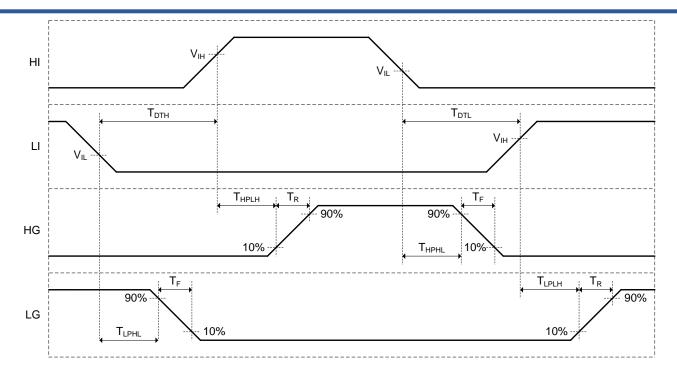


Figure 14. Timing Diagram of Input and Output

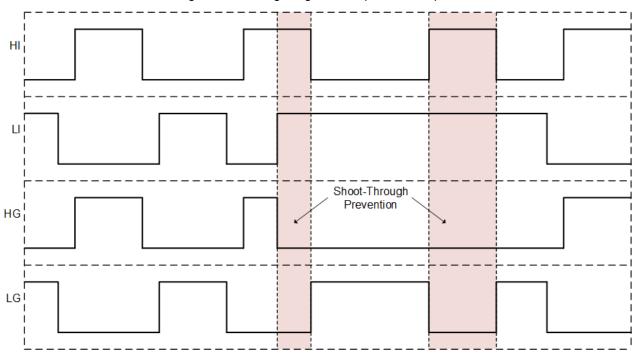


Figure 15. Timing Diagram of Interlocking Function

Adaptive Shoot-Through Protection

The INS2003 features an internal shoot-through protection circuit, leveraging shunt sensing of the true gate voltage of GaN FETs through its split outputs structure. It offers precise switching timing control for immediate turn-on after complete turn-off of the opposite side to ensure that they do not conduct simultaneously in any situation. This is processed within a 1ns (typical) to achieve that near-zero dead time delay enhancing efficiency and enabling high-frequency operation.

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Split Gate Driving Output

The INS2003 provides split gate driver outputs for both high-side and low-side GaN FETs, offering flexibility to adjust both turn-on and turn-off strengths independently. This is achieved by connecting additional gate resistors at HGP, HGN, LGP, and LGN pins, targeting optimization of efficiency, reliability, and EMI performance. The strong pull-down and pull-up gate strength of the INS2003 are optimized for driving GaN FETs, enabling high-frequency and high-efficiency operations. With a strong pull-down strength of 0.2Ω (typical) at HGN and LGN pins, it provides a robust low impedance path necessary for eliminating high dv/dt induced gate turn-on. Meanwhile, the pull-up strength of 1Ω (typical) at HGP and LGP pins helps in reducing the switching spikes and overshoot voltages at the switch node. HGN and LGN pins have internal $50k\Omega$ pull-down resistors to SW node and GND nodes, respectively, and are also internally connected to HGP and LGP via $10k\Omega$ resistors, respectively.

VCC UVLO/OVLO Protections

The INS2003 features undervoltage lockout (UVLO) and overvoltage lockout (OVLO) for VCC, providing the operation under the safe conditions of devices. When the VCC voltage falls below its UVLO threshold of 3.8V (typical) or exceeds above its OVLO threshold of 6.0V (typical), the INS2003 turns off both the high-side and low-side drivers and ignores the HI and LI inputs.

High dv/dt Rate GaN FET Switching

GaN FETs can switch much faster than traditional silicon based MOSFETs, requiring gate drivers capable of delivering precise and fast switching signals to fully leverage their potential. Managing high dv/dt rates during switching is important for stable gate driver circuitry, ensuring reliable and efficient operation. The INS2003 features an advanced level-shifting technology circuit designed to overcome these challenges associated with driving GaN FETs. Its advanced noise rejection mechanism ensures precise and accurate signal transmission between the control logic to driver outputs even in extreme high dv/dt environments up to 50V/ns.

Another challenge in driving GaN FETs is the issue of high reverse conduction voltage. When the SW node drops below 0V due to this reverse conduction, it can temporarily lower the level shifter's supply rail, causing a disruption in the level shifter's output signals. This disruption can appear as a delay mismatch between signals transmitted to each side of the driver, resulting in timing inaccuracies and potential performance degradation. The advanced level shifter in the INS2003 is designed to prevent such conditions, ensuring that delay variation is kept to minimum (1ns typical) even when the SW node fluctuates down to -4V. Furthermore, the INS2003 features an additional delay matching circuit that parallels the proposed level shifter circuit, matching its process and temperature variation characteristic. This additional feature further improves delay matching to 1ns (typical).

High-Side Gate-Driver Supply

Despite GaN devices offering advantages with their superior figure of merit (Q_G × R_{DSON}) compared to silicon based MOSFET counterparts, their sensitivity to gate driving voltage levels presents a challenging concern. GaN devices are more vulnerable to both overvoltage and undervoltage conditions at the gate, which can have negative effects on their reliability and performance. The concern over gate overvoltage is more significant for GaN FETs, given that they are considerably more fragile compared to their silicon counterparts. Conversely, Insufficient gate voltage, or gate undervoltage, can result in increased switching losses and reduced efficiency.

To mitigate these challenges, the INS2003 features a smart BST switch that allows precise control for BST charging and blocking. Figure 16 illustrates the operation principle of the smart BST switch. Unlike silicon MOSFETs, GaN FETs typically lack an intrinsic body diode, resulting in higher reverse conduction voltages, (typically 2V to 3V or even higher



at high current) during dead time. This can lead to overcharging of the BST capacitor, potentially causing permanent damage to the gate of the high-side GaN FET. In the INS2003, the BST switch's turning on and off are precisely controlled so that it allows charging of the BST capacitor only during SW node is fully reached at GND voltage when the low-side GaN FET is being turned on. Moreover, the BST switch exhibits a low on-impedance of 4Ω (typical), ensuring minimal dropout voltage. Accordingly, the INS2003 always maintains a well-balanced BST rail voltage close to VCC, achieving excellent delay matching and balanced gate driving strength between the high-side and low-side drivers.

Additionally, the INS2003 provides a BST UVLO protection with a falling threshold of 3.1V (typical) and a rising threshold of 3.6V (typical). When BST-SW falls below BST UVLO threshold, the INS2003 enters BST UVLO mode, turns off the high-side driver, but the low-side driver remains activated.

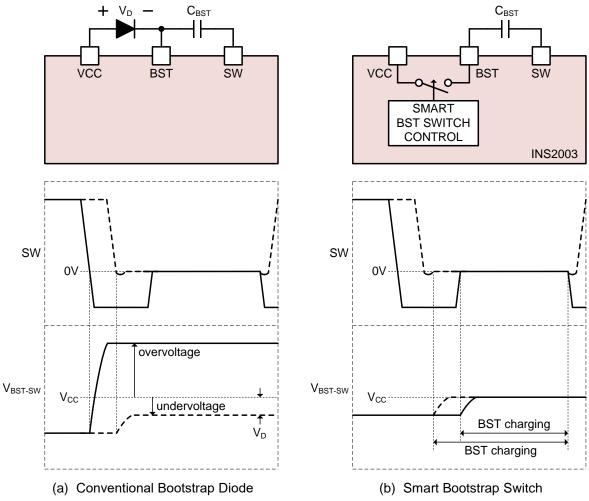


Figure 16. Operation Principle of Bootstrap Supply

Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

The INS2003 employs over temperature protection (OTP). If the internal junction temperature, T_j, exceeds 165°C (typical), The HI and LI inputs are ignored, and both the high-side and low-side drivers are turned off. When the temperature drops below 145°C (typical), the INS2003 will resume normal operation.

Layout Recommendation

A proper PCB layout is essential to support high-power and high-frequency operation with GaN FETs. The PCB layout requires proper bypassing on (VCC-GND) and (BST-SW) and careful trace routing to minimize the parasitic of the gate



driving and power loops. Check the following guidelines and Figure 17 to obtain the optimum performance from the INS2003.

- 1. Mount the bypass capacitors for (VCC-GND) and (BST-SW) as close as possible to the INS2003 package. Also place the bypass capacitors on the same side as the INS2003. Carefully implement the power loop to minimize the length of the copper trace.
- 2. Place the INS2003 as close as possible to the GaN FETs and keep the copper trace between the INS2003 and GaN FETs short and wide.
- 3. To minimize the gate voltage ringing, it is desirable to place gate resistors close to both the INS2003 and GaN FETs.
- 4. Place both high-side and low-side GaN FETs close together to minimize the parasitic inductance in between.

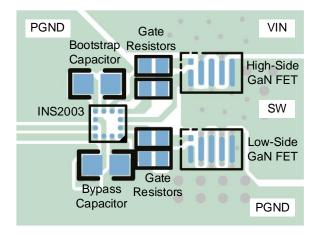
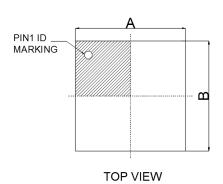


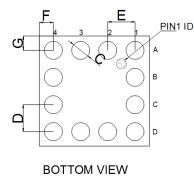
Figure 17. Layout Example



16. Package Information

WLCSP1.62X1.62-12L Package:





CVALDOL	N	IILLIMETE	R	NOTE		
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOIE		
Α	1.595	1.620	1.645			
В	1.595	1.620	1.645			
С	0.236	0.262	0.288	12X		
D	0	0.40 BASIC				
E	0	.40 BASI	С	6X		
F	0	0.21 REF				
G	0					
Н	0.180	0.212	0.244			
J	0.472	0.517	0.562			



NOTE:

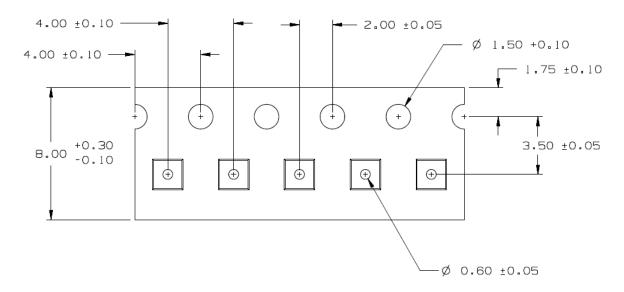
- 1)ALL DIMENSION ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2)BOTTOM VIEW IS SOLDER BALL SIDE VIEW.
- 3)COMPLIES WITH JEDEC MO-211.
- 4) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.
- 5)A,B IS PACKAGE SIZE

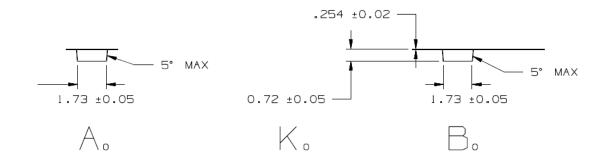


ROW	Description	Example
Row 1	Company Name	INN
Row 2	Product Code	xxx
Row 3	Lot Code	xxx
Row 4		xxx
Row 5	Date Code	YYWW
Row 6	Wafer ID	xx
Row 7	Location ID	XXXYYY



17. Tape and Reel Information

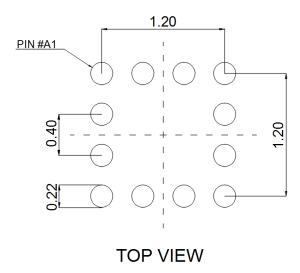






18. Recommended Land Pattern

WLCSP1.62X1.62-12L Package:



19. Order Information

Ordering Code	Package	Product Code	MSL	Packing (Tape & Reel)
INS2003W	WLCSP1.62x1.62-12L	2003W	MSL1	13" 2500PCS/reel



Important Notice

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